Your Name


Instructor Name


Your Signature
$\square$
End Time


| Problem | Total Points | Score |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 8 |  |
| 2 | 8 |  |
| 3 | 8 |  |
| 4 | 8 |  |
| 5 | 16 |  |
| 6 | 10 |  |
| 7 | 10 |  |
| 8 | 15 |  |
| 9 | 10 |  |
| 10 | 100 |  |
| Total |  |  |

- The total time allowed for this exam is 60 minutes.
- This test is closed notes and closed book.
- You may not use a calculator.
- In order to receive full credit, you must show your work. Be wary of doing computations in your head. Instead, write out your computations on the exam paper.
- PLACE A BOX AROUND YOUR FINAL ANSWER to each question where appropriate.
- If you need more room, use the backs of the pages and indicate to the reader that you have done so.
- Raise your hand if you have a question.

1 (8 points) Find $d y / d x$ when $x^{2}+2 x y-y^{2}=7$.

2 (8 points) Given $y=(\sin x)^{x}$ find $y^{\prime}$.

3 (8 points)
(a) Find the linearization of $f(x)=\sqrt{5+x^{2}}$ at $a=2$.
(b) Use linear approximation to estimate the value of $f(x)$ at $a=2.1$

4 (8 points) Find the absolute maximum and minimum of the function $f(x)=\frac{1}{3} x^{3}-4 x^{2}+12 x+1$ on the interval $0 \leq x \leq 3$.

5 (16 points) Evaluate the following limits.
(a) $\lim _{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x-\sin x}{x^{2}}$
(b) $\lim _{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{t^{2}+5}{\cos t}$
(c) $\lim _{x \rightarrow \infty}\left(x^{2}\right)^{1 / x}$

6 (10 points) A 12 foot ladder is resting against the wall. The bottom is initially 10 feet away from the wall and is being pushed towards the wall at a rate of $1 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{sec}$.
(a) Sketch and label a diagram modeling the situation described above.
(b) How fast is the top of the ladder moving up the wall 3 seconds after we start pushing? Give your answer using appropriate units.

7 (10 points) Sketch the graph of a function $f(x)$ that satisfies all of the given conditions.
(a) The domain of $f(x)$ is $(-\infty, \infty)$.
(b) $f(0)=5$
(c) $\lim _{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x)=2$
(d) $f^{\prime}(x)>0$ on the interval $(-\infty,-1)$; $f^{\prime}(x)<0$ on the interval $(-1, \infty)$
(e) $f^{\prime \prime}(x)<0$ on the interval $(-\infty, 2) ; f^{\prime \prime}(x)>0$ on the interval $(2, \infty)$

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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8 (15 points) Use the information below to answer questions about the function $f(x)$. Make sure you answer the question!

$$
f(x)=\frac{x^{2}}{x^{2}-4}+4, \quad f^{\prime}(x)=\frac{-8 x}{\left(x^{2}-4\right)^{2}}, \quad f^{\prime \prime}(x)=\frac{8\left(3 x^{2}+4\right)}{\left(x^{2}-4\right)^{3}} .
$$

(a) Find the domain.
(b) Determine the intervals on which the function is increasing/decreasing.
(c) Find the local maximum/minimum values of the function. If something doesn't exist, you must explicitly state this and justify your answer.
(d) Find the intervals of concavity.
(e) Find the inflection points. If there aren't any, you must explicitly state this and justify your answer.

9 (10 points) A rectangular plot of land is to be fenced in using two kinds of fencing. Two opposite sides will use heavy-duty fencing selling for $\$ 3$ a foot, while the remaining two sides will use standard fencing selling for $\$ 2$ a foot.
(a) What are the dimensions of the rectangular plot of greatest area that can be fenced in at a cost of $\$ 600$ ?
(b) Use the First or Second Derivative Test to justify your conclusion in Part (a).

10 (7 points) In this problem we are going to use Newton's method to estimate $\sqrt{7}$ using the function $f(x)=x^{2}-7$.
(a) State an appropriate initial value $x_{1}$ for use in applying Newton's method. Justify your answer.
(b) Sketch the function and illustrate the idea behind Newton's Method using starting point $x_{1}=-1$.
(c) Suppose you are given an initial value of $x_{1}=-1$. Find the next estimate $x_{2}$ given by Newton's method for a root of the function $f(x)$.

