Math F251 Midterm 1 Spring 2022

Name:	Section: □ F01 (Jill Faudree)
	□ F02 (James Gossell)
	□ UX1 (James Gossell)

Rules:

You have 60 minutes to complete the exam.

Partial credit will be awarded, but you must show your work.

The exam is closed book and closed notes.

Calculators are not allowed.

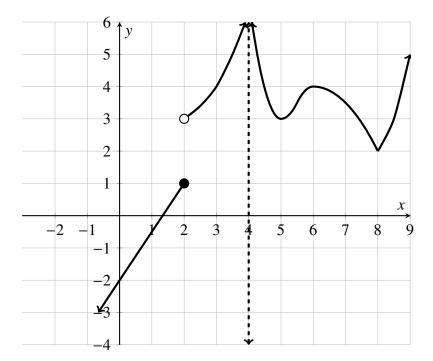
Place a box around your FINAL ANSWER to each question where appropriate.

Turn off anything that might go beep during the exam.

Good luck!

Problem	Possible	Score
1	12	
2	20	
3	10	
4	8	
5	6	
6	8	
7	8	
8	15	
9	15	
Extra Credit	5	
Total	100	

1. (12 points) Use the graph of the function f(x), sketched below, to answer the questions. The dotted line at x = 4 represents a vertical asymptote. You must give the most complete answer; if an answer is ∞ or $-\infty$, you must indicate this.



(a)
$$\lim_{x \to 2^{-}} f(x) =$$

(e)
$$\lim_{x \to 4} f(x) =$$

(b)
$$\lim_{x \to 2^+} f(x) =$$

(f)
$$\lim_{x \to 8^+} f(x) =$$

(c)
$$\lim_{x \to 2} f(x) =$$

(g)
$$f'(1) =$$

(d)
$$f(2) =$$

(h)
$$f'(5) =$$

(i) List the x-values where f(x) fails to be continuous.

(j) List the x-values for which f(x) fails to have a derivative.

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2. (20 points) Evaluate the following limits. Give the most complete answer; if the limit is infinite, indicate that with ∞ or $-\infty$. If a value does not exist, write DNE.

(a)
$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{x^2 + 2x - 3}{2x^2 - x - 1} =$$

(b)
$$\lim_{x \to 2^+} \frac{x - \sqrt{2 + x}}{x^2 + 4} =$$

(c)
$$\lim_{x \to -4} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{x}}{x + 4} \right) =$$

(d)
$$\lim_{x \to 10^+} \frac{1 - 4x}{(10 - x)^3} =$$

3. (10 points) Find the derivative of $f(x) = x^2 + 4x$ using the limit definition of the derivative

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}.$$

No credit will be awarded for using other methods.

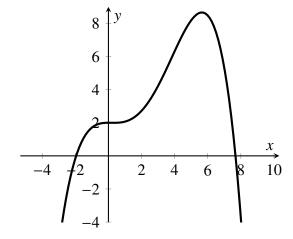
4. (8 points) Is the following function continuous at x = 3? Justify your answer.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{6-2x}{x-3} & \text{if } x \le 3\\ 2 & \text{if } x = 3\\ x-5 & \text{if } x \ge 3 \end{cases}$$

5. (6 points) Does the function $g(x) = 4 \sin x - 5 \cos x$ pass through the x-axis on the interval $[0, \frac{\pi}{2}]$? Justify your answer. (Hint: Use the Intermediate Value Theorem.)

- 6. (8 points) Let H(t) be the daily cost, in dollars, of heating a building when the outside temperature is t degrees Fahrenheit.
 - (a) What is the meaning of H(0) = 50? Your answer should be a complete sentence and must include units.
 - (b) What are the units of H'(t)?
 - (c) Do you expect H'(t) to be positive or negative? **Justify** your answer using complete sentences.

7. (8 points) The graph of g(x) is graphed below. On the same set of axes, sketch the graph of its derivative g'(x).



8. (15 points) Find f'(x) for each of the following expressions. You do not need to simplify.

(a)
$$f(x) = 3\cos x + 2x^3 - \frac{1}{x^2} + \sqrt{5}$$

(b)
$$f(x) = \frac{\sin x}{x^3 - 1}$$

(c)
$$f(x) = x^{2.3} + x \cos(x)$$

9. (15 points) The mars rover launches a sensor vertically upward from an arm 1 meter above the surface of the planet. The height, in meters, of the sensor *t* seconds after launch is given by

$$h(t) = 1 + 8t - 2t^2.$$

Include units in your answers.

(a) Find the velocity function and the acceleration function for the sensor.

(b) What is the initial velocity of the sensor?

(c) What is the average velocity of the sensor in the interval from t = 1 to t = 4?

(d) Four seconds after launch (when t = 4) is the sensor speeding up or slowing down? Justify your answer.

(e) What is the acceleration due to gravity on mars?

10. **Extra Credit** (5 points) Find $\frac{d}{dx}$ (sec x) by rewriting sec x as $\frac{1}{\cos x}$ and using the quotient rule. For full credit, please simplify your final answer.