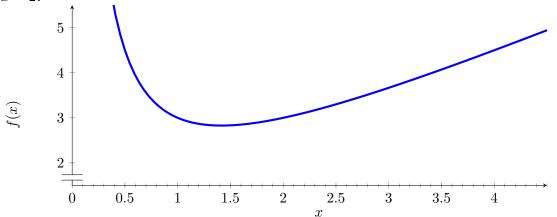
WORKSHEET: SECTION 2.1

- 1. The point P(2,3) lies on the graph of $f(x) = x + \frac{2}{x}$.
 - (a) If possible, find the slope of the secant line between the point P and each of the points with x values listed below. For each estimate the slope to 4 decimal places. NOTE: You do not need the graph of the function to answer this numerical question.

р	oint Q	slope of secant			
<i>x</i> -value	<i>y</i> -value	line PQ			
x = 4					
x = 3					
x = 2.5					
x = 2.2					
x = 2.1					
x = 1					
x = 1.5					
x = 1.7					
x = 1.9					

(b) Now, sketch the secant lines on the graph of f(x) shown below. Label the secant lines with their respective slopes. What can you conclude about the slope of the tangent line to f(x) at x = 2?



(c) Write a best guess for the equation of the line tangent to f(x) at point *P*. Is your equation plausible?

2. The table shows the position of a cyclist after accelerating from rest.

t (minutes)									
d (miles)	0	9.2	18.7	23.1	38.1	46.6	59.7	72.6	80

(a) Estimate the cyclist's average velocity in miles per hour during:i. the first hour

ii. the second hour

iii. the third hour

iv. the fourth hour

- (b) Estimate the cyclist's average velocity (in miles per hour) in the time period [60, 90].
- (c) Estimate the cyclist's average velocity (in miles per hour) in the time period [90, 120].
- (d) Estimate how fast the cyclist was going 1.5 hours into the ride.
- (e) During what period do you estimate the cyclist was riding the fastest on average?
- (f) What does any this have to do with secant lines and tangent lines?