4-5 CURVE SKETCHING (PART 1)

GUIDELINES OF ALL CURVE SKETCHING PROBLEMS For each item below, write out in your own words how you actually find that item.

A. Domain. Find the domain of the function.
B. Intercepts Find any x - or y -intercepts.
C. Sympostary Determine if the function is even as odd
C. Symmetry Determine if the function is even or odd.
D. Asymptotes Identify any vertical or horizontal asymptotes.

E.	Intervals of Increase or Decrease Determine the intervals where the function is increasing and where the function is decreasing.
F.	Local Maximum and Minimum Values Identify any local maximums and minimums and where they occur.
G.	Concavity and Points of Inflection Find the intervals where the function is concave up and where the function is concave down. Identify any inflection points.
H.	Sketch the Curve Plot the curve. Include and label all the bits and pieces above.

PRACTICE PROBLEM 1 Sketch the curve $y = \frac{2x^2}{x^2 - 4}$ [Note $y' = \frac{-16x}{(x^2 - 4)^2}$, $y'' = \frac{16(3x^2 + 4)}{(x^2 - 4)^3}$.]

- (a) Find the domain.
- (b) Find the *x* and *y*-intercepts.
- (c) Find the symmetries of the curve.
- (d) Determine the asymptotes.
 - Find the horizontal asymptotes.
 - Find the vertical asymptotes.
- (e) Determine where the function is increasing/ decreasing.

(f) Find the local maximum/ minimum values.

(g) Find the intervals of concavity/inflection points.

(h) Sketch the curve.

★ Check your answers using a graphing device!

PRACTICE PROBLEM 2 Sketch the curve
$$y = \frac{x}{\sqrt{9+x^2}}$$
. [Note: $y' = \frac{2(2-x^2)}{\sqrt{4-x^2}}$, $y'' = \frac{2x(6-x^2)}{(4-x^2)^{3/2}}$]

- (a) Find the domain.
- (b) Find the *x* and *y*-intercepts.

(c) Find the symmetries/ periodicity of the curve.

(d)	Determine the asymptotes.
(e,f)	Determine where the function is increasing/ decreasing and find the local maximum/ minimum values
(g)	Find the intervals of concavity/inflection points.
(h)	Sketch the curve.