Name: _____

- There are 12 points possible on this proficiency, one point per problem. **No partial credit** will be given.
- You have one hour to complete this proficiency.
- No aids (book, calculator, etc.) are permitted.
- You do **not** need to simplify your expressions.
- You must show sufficient work to justify your final expression. A correct answer for a nontrivial computation with no supporting work will be marked as incorrect.
- Your final answers **must start with** $f'(x) = \frac{dy}{dx} =$, or similar.
- Draw a box around your final answer.
- 1. [12 points] Compute the derivatives of the following functions.

a.
$$f(t) = 4t^9 + \frac{5}{t} + \sqrt{\frac{3}{7}}$$

b.
$$g(x) = \ln(7x^2) + \cot(x)$$

c.
$$y = e^{2x^3 - 4}\cos(6x - 8)$$

d.
$$h(x) = \frac{5\csc(3x)}{11e^x + \sqrt{2}}$$

e.
$$j(\theta) = \ln(\tan(\theta) + \sin(4\theta))$$

f.
$$f(x) = 3^x (Ax + B)^{-1/2}$$
, where A and B are fixed constants

g.
$$y = \pi \sec(x) + \ln(2)$$

h.
$$k(t) = \frac{t^2 - 5t + 6}{t^{3/2}}$$

i.
$$f(h) = \frac{h + \log_5(h^2)}{8}$$

j.
$$y = \sqrt[3]{e^2 + e^{\sin(x)}}$$

k.
$$f(x) = \arctan(6x)$$
 (this is the same as writing $f(x) = \tan^{-1}(6x)$)

1. Find
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
 for $y^4 + \cos(x + y^2) = x^3 - 7$. [You must solve for $\frac{dy}{dx}$.]