

Math 251 Fall 2017

Quiz #4, October 3rd

Name: Solutions

There are 25 points possible on this quiz. This is a closed book quiz. Calculators and notes are not allowed. **Please show all of your work!** If you have any questions, please raise your hand.

Exercise 1. (5 pts.) Find the derivatives of the following functions.

(a)  $g(x) = \frac{2}{x^5} = 2x^{-5}$

(b)  $y = x^e$

(c)  $f(x) = e^3$

$$g'(x) = -10x^{-6}$$

$$y' = ex^{e-1}$$

$$f(x) = 0$$

Exercise 2. (3 pts.) Differentiate the function  $H(u) = (2u - 5)(u + 3)$ . Simplify your derivative.

product rule

$$\begin{aligned} H'(u) &= (2u-5)(1) + (2)(u+3) \\ &= 2u-5 + 2u+6 \end{aligned}$$

$$= 4u+1$$

multiply first

$$\begin{aligned} H(u) &= 2u^2 - 5u + 6u - 15 \\ &= 2u^2 + u - 15 \end{aligned}$$

$$H'(u) = 4u+1$$

the same :)

Exercise 3. (4 pts.) Differentiate the function  $y = \frac{5 + 4x + x^3}{\sqrt{x}}$ . Simplify your derivative.

Simplify  $y$  first:  $y = 5x^{-1/2} + 4x^{1/2} + x^{5/2}$

Now differentiate:

$$y' = -\frac{5}{2}x^{-3/2} + 2x^{-1/2} + \frac{5}{2}x^{3/2}$$

Exercise 4. (5 pts.) Where is the tangent line to  $y = 2e^x - 8x + 1$  parallel to  $4x - y = 1$ ?

• line  $4x - y = 1$  or  $y = 4x - 1$  has slope  $m = 4$ .

•  $y' = 2e^x - 8$

• We want  $2e^x - 8 = 4$

$$2e^x = 12$$

$$e^x = 6$$

$$x = \ln 6$$

Exercise 5. (4 pts.) Find the derivative of  $G(x) = \frac{3x^2 + 2}{2x - 1}$ . Simplify your derivative.

$$G'(x) = \frac{(2x-1)(6x) - (3x^2+2)(2)}{(2x-1)^2} = \frac{12x^2 - 6x - (6x^2 + 4)}{(2x-1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{12x^2 - 6x - 6x^2 - 4}{(2x-1)^2} = \frac{6x^2 - 6x - 4}{(2x-1)^2} = \frac{2(3x^2 - 3x - 2)}{(2x-1)^2}$$

Exercise 6. (4 pts.) Find the derivative of  $f(x) = 2x^3e^x$ . Simplify your derivative.

Product rule

$$f'(x) = \overbrace{2x^3}^h \cdot \overbrace{e^x}^{g'} + \overbrace{6x^2}^{h'} \cdot \overbrace{e^x}^g$$

$$= 2x^2e^x(x+3)$$