21 April, 2020

\_ / 25

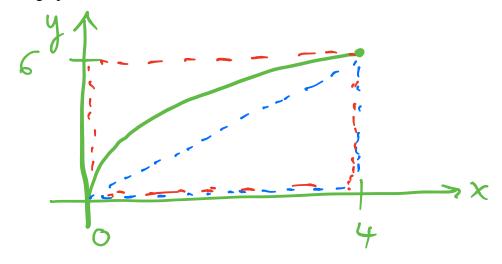
Name:

Circle one:

Faudree (F01) | Bueler (F02) | VanSpronsen (IIX1)

25 points possible. No aids (internet, other students, book, calculator, etc.) are permitted. You do not need to simplify final answers, but answers without supporting work will lose points for completeness and effort.

- **1.** [8 points] Consider the curve  $y = 3\sqrt{x}$  on the interval  $0 \le x \le 4$ .
  - **a**. Sketch a graph of this curve.



**b**. Give a rough estimate of the area beneath the curve. **Explain** in words the approximation you are using, and sketch this estimate on top of your sketch above.

A = exact area

**c**. Find the exact area.

= 2(8-0)

**2. [5 points]** Evaluate the integral.

 $\int_{1}^{1} x^{\pi} + e^{x} dx =$ 

Math 251: Quiz 10 21 April, 2020

**3.** [6 points] A honeybee population starts with 100 bees and increases at a rate of n'(t) bees per week.

**a.** What does the integral  $\int_0^7 n'(t) dt$  represent? (Explain in a few words.)

this is the net change in the number of bees between week 0 and week 7

**b.** What does  $100 + \int_0^7 n'(t) dt$  represent? (Explain in a few words.)

this is the total number of bees after 7 weeks

**4. [6 points]** Let  $F(x) = \int_2^x \cos(\pi t^2) dt$ . Find an equation of the tangent line to the curve y = F(x) at the point where x = 2.

by the FTCI,  $F(x) = cos(\pi x^2)$ So:  $F(2) = \int_{2}^{2} cos(\pi t^2) dt = 0$   $F'(2) = cos(\pi \cdot 2^2) = cos(4\pi) = 1$ So  $y - 0 = 1 \cdot (x - 2)$ y = x - 2