

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ / 25

Circle one: Faudree (F01) | Bueler (F02) | VanSpronsen (UX1)

25 points possible. No aids (book, calculator, etc.) are permitted. Show all work and use proper notation for full credit.

1. [12 points] Differentiate the functions. Write your answer using appropriate derivative notation, but you need not simplify your answers.

a.  $f(x) = \frac{3}{x^2}$

$$f'(x) = 3(-2)x^{-3} = -6x^{-3}$$

b.  $g(u) = u^{1/3} - u^{5/3}$

$$g'(u) = \frac{1}{3}u^{-2/3} - \frac{5}{3}u^{2/3}$$

c.  $h(x) = x^{e-1} + \frac{1}{e^3}$

$$h'(x) = (e-1)x^{e-2}$$

d.  $F(t) = \frac{at}{b+ct^2}$

$$F'(t) = \frac{a(b+ct^2) - at(2ct)}{(b+ct^2)^2} = \frac{ab - act^2}{(b+ct^2)^2}$$

e.  $s(t) = e^t(5-t)$

$$s'(t) = e^t(5-t) + e^t(-1) = e^t(4-t)$$

2. [4 points] Suppose that  $f(3) = 5$ ,  $g(3) = -1$ ,  $f'(3) = -4$ , and  $g'(3) = 3$ . Find the following values.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a. } (fg)'(3) &= f'(3)g(3) + f(3)g'(3) = (-4)(-1) + (5)(3) \\ &= 19 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b. } \left(\frac{f}{g}\right)'(3) &= \frac{f'(3)g(3) - f(3)g'(3)}{g(3)^2} = \frac{(-4)(-1) - (5)(3)}{(-1)^2} \\ &= -11 \end{aligned}$$

3. [6 points] The equation of motion of a particle is  $s = t^4 - 2t^3 - 4$ , where  $s$  is in meters and  $t$  is in seconds. Include the units for each answer.

- a. What is the acceleration as a function of  $t$ ?

$$v(t) = s'(t) = 4t^3 - 6t^2$$

$$a(t) = 12t^2 - 12t \quad \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

- b. Find the velocity at the time  $t > 0$  when the acceleration is 0.

$$a(t) = 0 \Leftrightarrow 12t^2 - 12t = 0 \Leftrightarrow 12t(t-1) = 0$$

$$v(1) = 4 \cdot 1^3 - 6 \cdot 1^2 = -2 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \quad \Leftrightarrow t = 0, 1$$

4. [3 points] For what value of  $x$  does the graph of  $f(x) = 5e^x - 2x$  have a horizontal tangent?

$$f'(x) = 5e^x - 2 \quad \therefore \quad 0 = 5e^x - 2 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad x = \ln\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)$$