

Name: Key / 25

There are 25 points possible on this quiz. No aids (book, calculator, etc.) are permitted. **Show all work for full credit.**

1. [15 points] Find the derivative for each function below. You do not need to simplify. You do need to use parentheses correctly.

a. $h(x) = 4^x + \log_4(x)$

$$h'(x) = 4^x \ln 4 + \frac{1}{x \ln 4}$$

b. $f(x) = \sin^{-1}(\sqrt{x})$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(\sqrt{x})^2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

c. $y = (x^{-1} + \tan^{-1}(x))^3$

$$y' = 3(x^{-1} + \tan^{-1}x)^2 \cdot \left(-x^{-2} + \frac{1}{1+x^2}\right)$$

d. $g(x) = \frac{x^3 \sin x}{e^x}$

$$g'(x) = \frac{(3x^2 \sin x + x^3 \cos x)e^x - x^3 \sin x e^x}{(e^x)^2}$$

e. $y = \ln\left(\frac{7x^{5/3}}{\sec x}\right)$

$$y' = \frac{1}{\frac{7x^{5/3}}{\sec x}} \cdot \frac{\frac{35}{3}x^{2/3} \sec x - 7x^{5/3} \sec x \tan x}{\sec^2 x}$$

2. [5 points] Use implicit differentiation to find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ for $e^y = x^3y + 7$. Clearly indicate when you take the derivative of both sides of the equation.

$$\frac{d}{dx} [e^y] = \frac{d}{dx} [x^3y + 7]$$

$$e^y \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2y + x^3 \cdot \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$e^y \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} - x^3 \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2y$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} (e^y - x^3) = 3x^2y$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3x^2y}{e^y - x^3}$$

3. [5 points] Use logarithmic differentiation to find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ for $y = x^{\cos x}$. Clearly indicate when you take the derivative of both sides of the equation.

$$\ln y = \ln(x^{\cos x})$$

$$\ln y = \cos x \ln x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} (\ln y) = \frac{d}{dx} (\cos x \ln x)$$

$$\frac{1}{y} \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} = -\sin x \ln x + \cos x \cdot \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y \left(-\sin x \ln x + \frac{\cos x}{x} \right)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x^{\cos x} \left(-\sin x \ln x + \frac{\cos x}{x} \right)$$