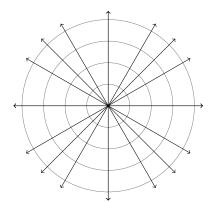
## PRACTICE FOR THE FINAL EXAM (DAY 2)

- 1. Find the Taylor series for the function  $f(x) = \sin(x)$  centered at  $a = \pi$ .
- 2. Use the integral test to determine whether  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} ne^{-n^2}$  converges or diverges.
- 3. Determine whether the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{\sqrt{n}}{2n+3}$  is absolutely convergent, conditionally convergent or divergent. You must clearly explain your reasoning.
- 4. Find the radius of convergence and the interval of convergence of the following series.

(a) 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n! (2x-1)^n$$
  
(b)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(x-a)^n}{nb^n}$ , where *a* and *b* are positive constants.

- 5. Consider  $x = t^2 + 1$ ,  $y = e^{2t} 1$ .
  - (a) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .
  - (b) Determine the location of any horizontal tangents. If none exist, explain why.
  - (c) Find  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ .
  - (d) Determine the concavity of the graph when t = 1.
- 6. Consider the curve  $r = 1 + 2\cos\theta$ .
  - (a) Sketch the curve  $r = 1 + 2\cos\theta$ . Include the coordinates of all *x* and *y*-intercepts.



- (b) Find the area enclosed by the inner loop.
- 7. For each problem below, set up an integral(s) to find the quantity.
  - (a) Find the mass of a wire that is 2 meters long (starting at x = 0) and has density  $\rho(x) = 3x + 1$  grams per meter.
  - (b) Let  $\mathcal{R}$  be the region bounded by  $y = e^x$  and y = 0,  $0 \le x \le 2$ . If the density of the region is given by  $\rho = 5$ , find the center of mass of R (or, equivalently, find the centroid of R.)
  - (c) Recall that in the metric system force, F, is often measured in newtons (N) and work, W, is often measured in joules (j) or newton-meters ( $N \cdot m$ ). Suppose a spring has a natural length of 15 cm and exerts a force of 8 N when stretched to a length of 20 cm. How much work is done stretching the spring from 15 cm to 25 cm?